

# **IMPAC**<sub>®</sub> FIX Fast Anchoring and adhesive

### **DESCRIPTION:**

FIX Fast Anchoring and adhesive system has been specially formulated as a high-performance, two component adhesive anchor system for threaded rods and reinforcing bars in uncracked concrete to suit transportation applications.

### **BASE MATERIAL**

Uncracked concrete

### **FEATURES**

- · Fixing close to free edges
- Versatile range of embedment depths
- Anchoring without expansion forces
- Component volume ratio of 1:1
- · Extended working time
- High load capacities

#### Testing

EP1 DoT has been tested according to ASTM C 881 Type I, II, III, IV, Class C, Grade 3

#### Shelf Life

Cartridges should be stored in their original packaging, the correct way up, in cool conditions (+50°F to +77°F) out of direct sunlight. When stored correctly, the product shelf life will be 24 months from the date of manufacture.

#### Health & Safety

For health and safety information, please refer to the relevant Safety Data Sheet.

### Guide Cartridge Coverage Data





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#### Manufacturer

Polimeros Adhesivos y Derivados S.A. de C.V. Frida Kahlo No. 195, Torre Vértice piso 17 Col. Valle Oriente San Pedro Garza García, Nuevo León CP 66269

#### Working & Loading Times

Cartridge Temperature	T Work (minutes)	Base Material Temperature	T Load (hours)
+50°E to +50°E	20	+40°F to +49°F	24
+50 F (0 +59 F	20	+50°F to +59°F	12
+59°F to +72°F	15	+59°F to +72°F	8
+72°F to +77°F	11	+72°F to +77°F	7
+77°F to +86°F	8	+77°F to +86°F	6
+86°F to +95°F	6	+86°F to +95°F	5
+95°F to +104°F	4	+95°F to +104°F	4
+104°F	3	+104°F	3

T Work is the typical time to gel at the highest temperature in the range T Load is the typical time to reach full capacity

Anchor Size:		(in.)	5/16	3/8	1/2	5/8	3/4	1	1 1/4
Drill Hole Diameter:		(in.)	3/8	1/2	9/16	3/4	7/8	1 1/8	1 3/8
Embedment Depth:		(in.)	2 3/8	2 3/8	2 3/4	3 1/8	3 3/4	4	5
Estimated Number of Fixings*	Cartridge Volume	250ml	68	38	26	12	7	4	2
		600ml	176	99	67	33	20	11	6
		1500ml	455	256	175	86	53	30	16

\*Number of fixings assumes 30ml wastage in initial extrusion and holes filled to 3/4 full

Anchor Size:		(in.)	5/16	3/8	1/2	5/8	3/4	1	1 1/4
Drill Hole Diameter:		(in.)	3/8	1/2	9/16	3/4	7/8	1 1/8	1 3/8
Embedment Depth:		(in.)	3 1/8	3 3/4	5	6 1/4	7 1/2	10	12 1/2
Estimated Number of Fixings*	Cartridge Volume	250ml	51	24	14	6	3	1	0
		600ml	134	62	37	16	10	4	2
		1500ml	346	162	96	43	26	12	6

\*Number of fixings assumes 30ml wastage in initial extrusion and holes filled to 3/4 full

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## **Physical Properties**

Property	Result	Method
Consistency	Pass	ASTM C 881
Gel Time	30 minutes	ASTM C 881
Bond Strength (2 day cure)	2000 psi	ASTM C 882
Bond Strength (14 day cure)	2500 psi	ASTM C 882
Compressive Strength (7 day)	>10,000 psi	ASTM D 695
Compressive Modulus (7 days)	400000 psi	ASTM D 695
Flexural Strength (7 days)	4,350 psi	ASTM D 790 @
Flexural Strength (14 days)	6,960 psi	+20°C / +72°F
Water Absorption	0.08%	ASTM D 570
Heat Deflection Temperature	122°F	ASTM D 468
Linear Coefficient of Shrinkage	0.0003 in/in	ASTM D 2566
Shore D (15hrs)	85	ASTM D2240
VOC	5g/L	ASTM D2369

### **Installation Specification**

Property	Symbol	Unit							
Threaded Rod Diameter	d <sub>a</sub>	in	3/8	1/2	5/8	3/4	7/8	1	1-1/4
Drill Bit Diameter	d。	in	1/2	9/16	3/4	7/8	1	1-1/8	1-3/8
Cleaning Brush Size	d,	-	S14H/F	S16H/F	S22H/F	S24H/F	S27H/F	S31H/F	S38H/F
Rebar Size	d <sub>a</sub>	in	#3	#4	#5	#6	#7	#8	#10
Drill Bit Diameter	d <sub>。</sub>	in	9/16	5/8	3/4	7/8	1	1-1/8	1-3/8
Cleaning Brush Size	d <sub>b</sub>	-	S16H/F	S18H/F	S22H/F	S27H/F	S31H/F	S35H/F	S43H/F
Minimum Embedment Depth	h <sub>ef,min</sub>	in	3	4	5	6	7	8	10
Maximum Embedment Depth	h <sub>ef,max</sub>	in	4 1/2	6	7 1/2	9	10 1/2	12	15
Minimum Concrete Thickness	h <sub>min</sub>	in				2.0 h <sub>ef</sub>			
Critical Anchor Spacing	S <sub>cr</sub>	in				2.0 c <sub>ac</sub>			
Critical Edge Distance	C <sub>ac</sub>	in	$c_{ac} = h_{ef} * \left(\frac{\tau_{uncr}}{1160}\right)^{0.4} * [3.1 - 0.7 \frac{h}{h_{ef}}]$						
Maximum Tightening Torque	T <sub>inst</sub>	ft.lb	15	30	60	100	125	150	200

need not be taken as larger than 2.4; and

is the characteristic bond strength and need not be taken as larger than:

 $\tau_{uncr} = \frac{k_{uncr} \sqrt{(h_{ef} * f'_c)}}{\pi * d_a}$ 



### Allowable Steel Strength for Threaded Rods

		Carbor ASTM F 155 (A307	Carbon Steel ASTM F 1554 Grade 36 (A307 Gr.C)		Carbon Steel ASTM A 193 B7		s Steel 593 CW	Stainless Steel ASTM F 593 SH	
Anchor I	Diameter	Allowable	Allowable	Allowable	Allowable	Allowable	Allowable	Allowable	Allowable
(II	1.)	Iension, N <sub>all</sub>	Shear, V <sub>all</sub>	Iension, N <sub>all</sub>	Shear, V <sub>all</sub>	Iension, N <sub>all</sub>	Shear, V <sub>all</sub>	Iension, N <sub>all</sub>	Shear, V <sub>all</sub>
2/0"	lb	2,110	1,080	4,550	2,345	3,630	1,870	4,190	2,160
5/0	kN	9.4	4.8	20.2	10.4	16.1	8.3	18.6	9.6
1/0"	lb	3,750	1,930	8,100	4,170	6,470	3,330	7,450	3,840
1/2	kN	16.7	8.6	36.0	18.5	28.8	14.8	33.1	17.1
5/9"	lb	5,870	3,030	12,655	6,520	10,130	5,220	11,640	6,000
5/6	kN	26.1	13.5	56.3	29.0	45.1	23.2	51.8	26.7
2/4"	lb	8,460	4,360	18,220	9,390	12,400	6,390	15,300	7,880
3/4	kN	37.6	19.4	81.0	41.8	55.2	28.4	68.1	35.1
7/0"	lb	11,500	5,930	24,800	12,780	16,860	8,680	20,830	10,730
110	kN	51.2	26.4	110.3	56.8	75.0	38.6	92.7	47.7
1"	lb	15,020	7,740	32,400	16,690	22,020	11,340	27,210	14,020
	kN	66.8	34.4	144.1	74.2	97.9	50.4	121.0	62.4
1 1/4"	lb	23,480	12,100	50,610	26,070	34,420	17,730	38,470	19,820
1 - 1/4	kN	104.4	53.8	225.1	116.0	153.1	78.9	171.1	88.2

Allowable Tension, Nall =  $0.33 \times f_u \times nominal cross sectional area Allowable Shear, Vall = <math>0.17 \times f_u \times nominal cross section area$ 

Anchor	E rechte dies eint		Strength							
Diameter	Embedment		Tension (Ib)				Shear	(lb)		
(in.)	Depth (in.)	f' <sub>c</sub> = 2,500psi	f' <sub>c</sub> = 4,000ps	i f' <sub>c</sub> = 8	,000psi	f' <sub>c</sub> = 2,500p	si f' <sub>c</sub> = 4,00	00psi 1	" <sub>c</sub> = 8,000psi	
	3	1373	1439	1	542	1830	1918	3	2056	
3/8"	3 3/4	1716	1798	1	928	2288	2398	3	2570	
	4 1/2	2059	2158	2	313	2746	2878	3	3084	
	4	2470	2589	2	775	3294	3453	3	3700	
1/2"	5	3088	3237	3	469	4118	4316	6	4626	
	6	3706	3884	4	163	4941	5179	)	5551	
	5	4194	4396	4396 4711		5592	586		6282	
5/8"	6 1/4	5243	5495	5	889	6990	7327	7	7853	
	7 1/2	6291	6594	7	067	8389	8792	2	9423	
	6	6619	6938	7	436	8826	925		9915	
3/4"	7 1/2	8274	8672	9	295	11032	1156	3	12393	
	9	9929	10407	11	154	13239	1387	6	14872	
	7	9067	9504	10	186	12090	1267	3	13581	
7/8"	8 3/4	11334	11880	12	2733	15113	1584	0	16977	
	10 1/2	13601	14256	15	5279	18135	1900	8	20372	
	8	12007	12584	13	3488	16009	1677	9	17984	
1"	10	15008	15731	16	6860	20011	2097	4	22480	
	12	18010	18877	20	232	24014	2516	9	26976	
	10	17995	18861	20	)215	23993	2514	8	26953	
1 - 1/4"	12 1/2	22494	23576	25	5268	29992	3143	5	33691	
	15	26993	28292	30	322	35990	3772	2	40430	
Temperatu	Temperature Reduction Factors									
In-service	Temperature (°F	-)	40	68	110	130	150	168	176	
Reduction	Factor* (-)		1.00	1.00	0.90	0.70	0.50	0.40	0.30	

### Allowable Load Data in Shear and Tension - Threaded Rods

1. The above values represent mean ultimate values and allowable working loads. The allowable working loads have been reduced using a safety factor of 4.0 for tension and 3.0 for shear, however, in some cases, such as life safety, safety factors of 10.0 or higher may be necessary.

2. Allowable loads must be checked against steel capacity. The lowest value controls.

3. Tabulated data is applicable to single anchors in normal weight concrete unaffected by edge or spacing reduction factors. Values are valid for anchors installed into dry concrete in holes drilled with a hammer drill and ANSI carbide drill bit.

4. Linear interpolation is allowed. Data must not be extrapolated.



### Allowable Steel Strength for Rebar

	<	Carbon Steel CAN/CS	SA-G30.18 Gr.400
Reba	r Size	Allowable Tension, N <sub>all</sub>	Allowable Shear, V <sub>all</sub>
1014	lb	4,016	2,069
TOIVI	kN	17.9	9.2
15M	lb	8,052	4,148
TOIVI	kN	35.8	18.5
2014	lb	11,960	6,161
20101	kN	53.2	27.4
25M	lb	19,975	10,290
201/1	kN	88.9	45.8
2014	lb	28,121	14,486
30101	kN	125.1	64.4
25M	lb	40,089	20,652
33101	kN	178.3	91.9

### Allowable Steel Strength for Rebar

>>	<	Carbon Steel ASTN	/ A 615 Grade 60	
Reba	r Size	Allowable Tension, N <sub>all</sub>	Allowable Shear, V <sub>all</sub>	
#2	lb	3,280	1,690	
#3	kN	14.6	7.5	
#4	lb	5,831	3,004	
#4	kN	25.9	13.4	
#5	lb	9,111	4,693	
#5	kN	40.5	20.9	
#0	lb	13,121	6,759	
#0	kN	58.4	30.1	
#7	lb	17,859	9,200	
#1	kN	79.4	40.9	
#0	lb	23,326	12,016	
#0	kN	103.8	53.4	
#10	lb	37,623	19,381	
#10	kN	167.4	86.2	

Tension =  $0.33 \times f_u \times nominal cross sectional area$  $Shear = <math>0.17 \times f_u \times nominal cross section area$ 

 Above values for reinforcing steel assume the design method is the same as a post-installed adhesive anchor, under the principles of anchor design (failure modes will be concrete breakout, pryout, steel failure, or adhesive bond) and not under the principles of reinforcing steel design (failure modes are typically splitting failure, inadequatebar development etc..).

#### Allowable Load Data in Shear and Tension - Reinforcing Bars

Anchor	Embedment		ŀ	Allowable Co	ncrete Ca	pacity / Bond Stre	ngth		
Diameter	Depth (in )		Tension (Ib)				Shear	(lb)	
	Deptil (III.)	f' <sub>c</sub> = 2,500psi	f' <sub>c</sub> = 4,000ps	i f' <sub>c</sub> = 8	,000psi	f' <sub>c</sub> = 2,500psi	f' <sub>c</sub> = 4,00	0psi	f' <sub>c</sub> = 8,000psi
	3	1349	1414	1:	515	1798	1885	5	2020
#3	3 3/4	1686	1767	18	394	2248	2356	2356 2526	
	4 1/2	2032	2121	22	273	2698	2828	3	3031
	4	2470	2589	27	775	3294	3453	3	3700
#4	5	3088	3237	34	169	4118	4316	6	4626
	6	3706	3884	4	163	4941	5179	)	5551
	5	4194	4396	4	711	5592	5861		6282
#5	6 1/4	5243	5495	58	389	6990	7327	7	7853
	7 1/2	6291	6594	70	067	8389	8792	2	9423
	6	6025	6315	6	769	8034	8421		9025
#6	7 1/2	7532	7894	84	461	10043	1052	6	11282
	9	9038	9473	10	153	12051	1263	1	13538
	7	9067	9504	10	186	12090	1267	2	13581
#7	8 3/4	11334	11880	12	733	15113	1584	0	16977
	10 1/2	13601	14256	15	279	18135	1900	8	20371
	8	11843	12413	13	304	15791	1655	1	17739
#8	10	14804	15517	16	630	19739	2068	9	22174
	12	17765	18620	19	957	23687	2482	7	26609
	10	13862	14529	15	572	18483	1937	2	20762
#10	12 1/2	17327	18161	19	465	23103	2421	5	25953
15 20793 21		21794	23	358	27724	2905	8	31144	
Temperature Reduction Factors									
In-service	Temperature (°I	=)	40	68	110	130	150	168	176
Reduction	Factor* (-)		1.00	1.00	0.90	0.70	0.50	0.40	0.30

1. The above values represent mean ultimate values and allowable working loads. The allowable working loads have been reduced using a safety factor of 4.0 for tension and 3.0 for shear, however, in some cases, such as life safety, safety factors of 10.0 or higher may be necessary.

2. Allowable loads must be checked against steel capacity. The lowest value controls.

3. Tabulated data is applicable to single anchors in normal weight concrete unaffected by edge or spacing reduction factors. Values are valid for anchors installed into dry concrete in holes drilled with a hammer drill and ANSI carbide drill bit.

4. Linear interpolation is allowed. Data must not be extrapolated.



Anchor Size	Drilled Hole Size	Brush Size	Nozzle Type	Extension Tube Required?	Resin Stopper Required?	Notes
<sup>3</sup> / <sub>8</sub> ″	1/_"	S14H/F	Q	Y1 > 3.5″ h <sub>ef</sub>	N	
<sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> "	<sup>9</sup> / "	S16H/F	Q	Y1 > 3.5″ h <sub>ef</sub>	N	
5/ <sub>8</sub> ″	<sup>3</sup> / <sub>4</sub> ″	S22H/F	Q/QH	Y2 > 10″ h <sub>ef</sub>	RS18 > 10″ h <sub>ef</sub>	QH nozzle required at h <sub>ef</sub> >8"
<sup>3</sup> / <sub>4</sub> ″	7/ <mark>8</mark> ″	S24H/F	QH	Y2 > 10″ h <sub>ef</sub>	RS18 > 10″ h <sub>ef</sub>	
7/ <sub>8</sub> ″	1″	S27H/F	QH	Y2 > 10″ h <sub>ef</sub>	RS22 > 10″ h <sub>ef</sub>	
1″	1 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>8</sub> ″	S31H/F	QH	Y2 > 10″ h <sub>ef</sub>	RS22 > 10″ h <sub>ef</sub>	
1 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>4</sub> ″	1 <sup>3</sup> / <sub>8</sub> ″	S38H/F	QH	Y2 > 10″ h <sub>ef</sub>	RS30 > 10″ h <sub>ef</sub>	

### Installation Accessories - Threaded Bar

Note: The hand pump is limited to a maximum anchor size of 5/8" (M16) threaded rod or #5 (Ø16mm) rebar and a maximum embedment depth of 10" (254mm).

### Installation Accessories - Reinforcing Bar

Anchor Size	Drilled Hole Size	Brush Size	Nozzle Type	Extension Tube Required?	Resin Stopper Required?	Notes
#3	9/ <b>″</b> 16	S16H/F	Q	Y1 > 3.5″ h <sub>ef</sub>	N	
#4	<sup>5</sup> / <sub>8</sub> ″	S18H/F	Q/QH	Y1 > 3.5″ h <sub>ef</sub>	N	QH nozzle required at h <sub>ef</sub> >3.5"
#5	<sup>3</sup> / <sub>4</sub> ″	S22H/F	Q/QH	Y2 > 10″ h <sub>ef</sub>	RS18 > 10″ h <sub>ef</sub>	QH nozzle required at h <sub>ef</sub> >8"
#6	7/ <mark>8</mark> ″	S27H/F	QH	Y2 > 10″ h <sub>ef</sub>	RS18 > 10″ h <sub>ef</sub>	
#7	1″	S31H/F	QH	Y2 > 10″ h <sub>ef</sub>	RS22 > 10″ h <sub>ef</sub>	
#8	1 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>8</sub> ″	S35H/F	QH	Y2 > 10″ h <sub>ef</sub>	RS22 > 10″ h <sub>ef</sub>	
#10	1 <sup>3</sup> / <sub>8</sub> "	S43H/F	QH	Y2 > 10″ h <sub>ef</sub>	RS30 > 10″ h <sub>ef</sub>	

Note: The hand pump is limited to a maximum anchor size of 5/8" (M16) threaded rod or #5 (Ø16mm) rebar and a maximum embedment depth of 10" (254mm).

### Key:

### Extension Tubes:

- Y1 Required: 3/8'' diameter fitted to Q
- Y2 Required: 9/16" diameter fitted to QH
- N Not Required

### **Resin Stoppers:**

- N Not Required
- RS18 Use 18mm dia resin stopper
- RS22 Use 22mm dia resin stopper
- RS30 Use 30mm dia resin stopper



### Installation Method (Solid Substrates)

1. Drill hole to required depth using a hammer drill with the drill bit that is appropriate to match the hole diameter as stated.

2. Insert the air lance to the bottom of the hole anddepress the trigger for 2 seconds. The compressed air used should be at a minimum pressure of 6bar / 90psi and should be free from oil and / or water. Repeat the operation. If using the hand pump, give two blowing operations.

3. Select the correct size brush. Ensure that the brush is in good condition and check that the diameter of the brush is correct for the size of the drilled hole. Insert the brush to the bottom of the hole and pull out using a back and forth twisting motion. Repeat the operation.

4. Repeat 2

5. Repeat 3

6. Repeat 2

7. Select the appropriate static mixer nozzle for the installation and screw onto the mouth of the cartridge. Insert the cartridge into a good quality extrusion gun after checking that the extrusion gun is in good working order.

8. Extrude the first part of the cartridge to waste until an even colour has been achieved without streaking in the resin.

9. If necessary, attach extension tubing and resin stopper.

10. Insert the mixer nozzle to the bottom of the hole. Begin to extrude the resin and slowly withdraw the mixer nozzle from the hole ensuring that there are no air voids as the mixer nozzle is withdrawn. Fill the hole to approximately  $\frac{1}{2}$  to  $\frac{3}{4}$  full and remove the mixer nozzle and cartridge completely.

11. Take the steel element of the anchor. This should be free from oil or other release agents. Insert the steel element to the bottom of the hole using a back and forth twisting motion. Any excess resin should be expelled from the hole evenly around the steel element.

12. Clean any excess resin from around the mouth of the hole.

13. Leave the anchor to cure. Do not disturb the anchor until the appropriate working time has elapsed depending on the substrate conditions and ambient temperature.

14. Attach the fixture as required.





### **Overhead Substrate Installation Method**

1. Using the SDS Hammer Drill with a carbide tipped drill bit of the appropriate size, drill the hole to suit the anchor.

2. a) Select the correct Air Lance, insert to the bottom of the hole and depress the trigger for 2 seconds. The compressed air must be clean – free from water and oil – and at a minimum pressure of 90psi (6bar). Perform the blowing operation twice.
b) If a Manual Pump is to be used, complete the blowing operation as above using the full stroke of the pump and blow the hole clean twice.

3. Select the correct size Hole Cleaning Brush. Ensure that the brush is in good condition and the correct diameter. Insert the brush to the bottom of the hole and withdraw with a twisting motion. There should be positive interaction between the steel bristles of the brush and the sides of the drilled hole. Perform the brushing operation twice.

4. Repeat 2 (a) or (b)

5. Repeat 3

6. Repeat 2 (a) or (b)

7. Select the appropriate static mixer nozzle and attach to the cartridge. Check the Dispensing Tool is in good working order. Place the cartridge into the dispensing tool.

Note: The QH nozzle is in two sections. One section contains the mixing elements and the other section is an extension piece. Connect the extension piece to the mixing section by pushing the two sections firmly together until a positive engagement is felt.

8. Extrude some resin to waste until an even-colored mixture is extruded, The cartridge is now ready for use.

9. As specified in the Installation Accessories Table, attach an extension tube with resin stopper (if required) to the end of the mixing nozzle with a push fit. (The extension tubes may be pushed into the resin stoppers and are held in place with a coarse internal thread).

10. Insert the mixing nozzle to the bottom of the hole. Extrude the resin and slowly withdraw the nozzle from the hole. Ensure no air voids are created as the nozzle is withdrawn. Inject resin until the hole is approximately <sup>3</sup>/<sub>4</sub> full and remove the nozzle from the hole.









